

Human CXCL10/IP-10 ELISA Instructions

Cat: EH0026

Content

| | CAT | Volume |
|------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| ① CP (Coated Plate) | EH0026CP | 96 well |
| 2 S (Standard) | EH0026S,S1~S7,S0 | 9 vial |
| 3 DA (Detect Antibody) | EH0026DA | 6 ml/bottle |
| SH (Streptavidin-HRP) | ESH01 | 12 ml/bottle |
| 6 AB (Assay Buffer 1×) | EAB01 | 12 ml/bottle |
| (3 TS (TMB Substrate) | ETS01 | 12 ml/bottle |
| SS (Stop Solution) | ESS01 | 12 ml/bottle |
| 8 WB (Wash Buffer 10×) | EWB01 | 50 ml/bottle |
| 9 SF (Sealer Film) | ESF01 | 6 pieces |

NOTE: After the kit is opened, the stabilization period of each content is 30 days, so please use the kit within 30 days after opening.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Washing Buffer (1x) Preparation

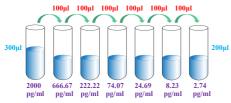
Pour entire contents (50 ml) of the Washing Buffer Concentrate (10×) into a clean 500 ml graduated cylinder. Bring to final volume of 500 ml with glass-distilled or deionized water. Transfer to a clean wash bottle and store at 2 to 25°C.

Standard Curve Preparation:

S1 to S7 and S0 is ready to use for serum and plasma.

Other sample type, prepare the standard curve with whatever buffer (SPB, Sample Prepared Buffer) is used to prepare the sample, such as cell culture supernatant, tissue grinding liquid, cell lysate, etc. Urine sample use AB (Assay Buffer) prepare standard curve

The human CXCL10 Standard EH0026S 20000 pg/ml 30 μ l + 270 μ l SPB serves as the high standard (2000 pg/ml). Pipette 200 μ l of SPB into each tube. Use the high standard to produce a 1:2 dilution series. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. SPB serves as the zero standard (0 pg/ml).



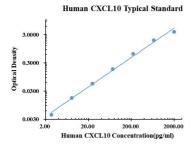
ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use.

- 1 Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
- 2 Remove excess CP (Coated Plate) strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch and reseal.
- 3 Add 50 µl of AB (Assay Buffer) to each well.
- 4 Add 50 µl or 10 µl of Standard or sample per well. Ensure reagent addition is uninterrupted and completed within 15 minutes.
- \bigcirc Add 50 μ l of DA (Detect Antibody) to each well.
- **6** Cover with an **SF** (Sealer Film). Incubate at room temperature (18 to 25°C) for 1 hours on a microplate **shaker** set at 500 rpm.
- 7 Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times. Wash by filling each well with WB (Washing Buffer 300 μ l). Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining WB (Washing Buffer) by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 8 Add 100 μ l of SH (Streptavidin-HRP) to each well
- ② Cover with a new SF (Sealer Film). Incubate at room temperature (18 to 25°C) for 30 min on a microplate shaker set at 500 rpm.
- 10 Repeat aspiration/wash as in step 7.
- 11) Add 100 μ l of TS (TMB Substrate) to each well. Incubate for 5-30 minutes at room temperature.
- 12 Add 100 μl of SS (Stop Solution) to each well.
- (B) Determine the optical density within 30 minutes, using microplate reader set to 450 nm corrected with 570 nm or 630 nm.



TYPICAL DATA



| pg/ml | Ο. | O.D. | | Corrected |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| 0.00 | 0.0119 | 0.0131 | 0.0125 | |
| 2.74 | 0.0165 | 0.0173 | 0.0169 | 0.0044 |
| 8.23 | 0.0291 | 0.0303 | 0.0297 | 0.0172 |
| 24.69 | 0.0657 | 0.0682 | 0.0670 | 0.0545 |
| 74.07 | 0.1921 | 0.1924 | 0.1923 | 0.1798 |
| 222.22 | 0.6346 | 0.6597 | 0.6472 | 0.6347 |
| 666.67 | 1.8938 | 1.9571 | 1.9255 | 1.9130 |
| 2000.00 | 3.6549 | 3.8681 | 3.7615 | 3.7490 |

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose (MDD) of human CXCL10 is typically less than 0.33 pg/ml (50 μ l of sample volume) or 1.14 pg/ml (10 μ l of sample volume).

The MDD was determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean optical density value of ten zero standard replicates and calculating the corresponding concentration.

PRECISION

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay) Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays)

| | Intra-assay Precision | | | Inter-assay Precision | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| Sample | S1 | S2 | S3 | S1 | S2 | S3 |
| Number | 22 | 22 | 22 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Average (pg/ml) | 383 | 189.7 | 714.0 | 46.6 | 195.6 | 731.2 |
| Standard deviation | 1.6 | 11.9 | 33.3 | 2.7 | 12.7 | 41.3 |
| Coefficient of variation (%) | 4.2 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 5.7 |

RECOVERY

The spike recovery was evaluated by spiking 3 levels of human CXCL10 into health human serum sample. The un-spiked serum was used as blank in this experiment.

The recovery ranged from 81% to 109% with an overall mean recovery of 95%.

LINEARITY

To assess the linearity of the assay, five samples were spiked with high concentration of CXCL10 in human serum and diluted with Sample Diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.

The linearity ranged from 92% to 103% with an overall mean recovery of 98%.

SAMPLE VALUES

Serum/Plasma – Thirty samples from apparently healthy volunteers were evaluated for the presence of human CXCL10 in this assay. No medical histories were available for the donors.

| Sample Matrix | Sample Evaluated | Range (pg/ml) | Detectable % | Mean of Detectable (pg/ml) |
|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Serum | 30 | 4.06-52.70 | 100 | 16.04 |

n.d. = non-detectable. Samples measured below the sensitivity are considered to be non-detectable.